

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims supersedes all prior versions and listings of claims in this application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1-77. (Cancelled)

78. (Currently Amended) Particles used for image display media in an image display panel, ~~in which comprising~~ at least two groups of the image display media are sealed between opposed substrates, at least one of two substrates being transparent, and in which the image display media, to which an electrostatic field generated between two electrodes having different potentials is applied, are made to move so as to display an image, ~~characterized in that wherein~~ one of the two groups of the particles having different charge characteristics and different optical reflectance included in the at least two groups of the image display media has a surface on which a macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, and the other of the two groups of the particles has a surface on which no macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists.

79. (Currently Amended) Particles used for image display media in an image display panel, ~~in which comprising~~ at least two groups of the image display media are sealed between opposed substrates, at least one of two substrates being transparent, and in which the image display media, to which an electrostatic field generated between two electrodes having different potentials is applied, are made to move so as to display an image, ~~characterized in that wherein~~

one of the two groups of the particles having different charge characteristics and different optical reflectance included in the at least two groups of the image display media has a surface on which a macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, and the other of the two groups of the particles has a surface on which no macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists and on which fine particles are adhered in an electrostatic manner.

80. (Previously Presented) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 78 or 79, wherein, among the two groups of the particles having different charge characteristics and different optical reflectance, the particles having the surface, on which the macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, are obtained by crushing a resin agglomerate.

81. (Previously Presented) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 78 or 79, wherein, among the two groups of the particles having different charge characteristics and different optical reflectance, the particles having the surface, on which the macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, are obtained by firmly adhering fine particles on a surface of mother particles.

82. (Previously Presented) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 81, wherein the adhering between the mother particles and the fine particles is performed by utilizing a mechanical impact strength.

83. (Previously Presented) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 78 or 79, wherein, among the two groups of the particles having different charge characteristics and different optical reflectance, the particles having the surface, on which no macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, are substantially circular particles obtained by polymerizing a resin monomer.

84. (Previously Presented) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 78 or 79, wherein, among the two groups of the particles having different charge characteristics and different optical reflectance, the particles having the surface, on which no macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, are substantially circular particles obtained by smoothing the surface under such a condition that crushed particles are exposed at a temperature higher than a melting point of the particles.

85. (Currently Amended) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 79, wherein, among the two groups of the particles having different charge characteristics and different reflectance, the fine particles adhered to the surface of the particles, on which no macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, have a reverse charge polarity with respect to a charge polarity of the particles having the surface, on which no macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, and, the fine particles do not change a charge polarity of the particles having the surface, on which no macroscopic concavo-convex portion exists, after being adhered.

86. (Previously Presented) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 78 or 79, wherein an average particle diameter of the two groups of the particles having different charge characteristics and different optical reflectance is 0.5 - 50  $\mu\text{m}$ .

87. (Previously Presented) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 84, wherein an average particle diameter of the fine particles adhered in an electrostatic manner to the surface of the particles, on which no concavo-convex portion exists, is 20 - 200 nm.

88. (Currently Amended) An image display panel ~~characterized in that use is made of comprising~~ the image display media utilizing the particles set forth in claim 78 or 79, and ~~wherein~~ a volume occupying rate of the at least two groups of the image display media filled between the substrates is in a range of 5 - 70 vol %.

89. (Currently Amended) An image display device ~~characterized in that comprising~~ the image display panel set forth in claim 88 ~~is installed~~.

90. (Previously Presented) The particles used for the image display media according to claim 85, wherein an average particle diameter of the fine particles adhered in an electrostatic manner to the surface of the particles, on which no concavo-convex portion exists, is 20 - 200 nm.